

# South Carolina Deer Antler Records 2016

Compiled and produced by

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## **Introduction and Background**

The white-tailed deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*) is the premier big game species in the United States and annually, millions of sportsmen take to the woods in pursuit of the deer with a flag-like tail. Curiously, white-tailed deer hold some fascination for most people regardless of whether or not they actually hunt deer. This fascination may stem from the importance of deer in the development of our country or maybe it is due to the animals' shy nature and overall beauty. In either case, humans are always impressed to catch a glimpse of a white-tailed deer.

White-tailed deer are members of the cervid family which is represented in the United States by four genera; *Cervus* (elk), *Alces* (moose), *Odocoileus* (mule deer and white-tailed deer), and *Rangifer* (caribou). In the modern form, white-tailed deer originated in America perhaps 8-12 million years ago and currently the species' range extends from southern Canada through the United States and Mexico and into northern South America. In pre-Columbian times it is estimated that there were approximately 30 million white-tailed deer in the United States and although deer numbers had declined a great deal by 1800 there was still an abundance of deer. However, during the period 1800-1900 heavy commercial exploitation of deer for meat and hides coupled with habitat destruction, poor land use practices, and an ever increasing human population caused deer numbers to plummet to around 500,000 by the turn of the 20th century. Thanks to legislation in the early 1900's that provided protection for wildlife and funding for wildlife management, white-tailed deer numbers have again increased to over 20 million nationwide. Deer hunting represents a significant recreational as well as financial resource in many states.

## **History of White-tailed Deer in South Carolina**

In pre-Columbian times much of South Carolina's landscape was composed of mature hardwood and longleaf pine forest habitats. Deer were statewide in distribution but their overall densities could best be described as moderate. These moderate densities resulted from the lack of optimum habitat diversity for deer that was associated with historic, mature forests. Also, predators like the cougar, red wolf and American Indian helped to keep deer numbers regulated. Higher deer densities occurred in areas where disturbance created early stages of ecological succession. These disturbed areas provided an abundance of new, succulent growth close to the forest floor and within reach of browsing deer. Deer became locally abundant in areas where disturbance opened the forest canopy and allowed sunlight to penetrate and stimulate new growth. Natural disturbances that opened the forest canopy included lightning

fires, tornadoes, and hurricanes. The impact of a storm like Hurricane Hugo on pre-Columbian forests would have created an immense area suitable for an abundance of deer. Similarly, the native American Indians understood this relationship and used fire frequently to create habitat suitable for larger numbers of deer.

The coming of the colonists had little immediate negative impacts on white-tailed deer. Although firearms facilitated the harvest of greater numbers of deer, clearing of land for small communities and farms created habitats that allowed for increased numbers of deer. Overall, during the early colonial period there was a general equilibrium between the colonists' (and Indians') use of deer and the benefits that deer populations received. However, by the 1800's the value associated with deer, improvements in firearms, extensive agriculture, and unrestricted market hunting began to severely limit deer and herds declined drastically in South Carolina. Domestic use of deer hides was great and in addition, annual exports of deer hides from Charleston approached 150,000 during the mid-to-late 1700's. The terms "buck", "doe", and "skin" persist to this day as monetary references reflecting the historic value of deer in our heritage.

The early 1900's marked the low point for deer in South Carolina as it did across the country. However, due to public concern for conservation things began to change in a positive direction for deer. The Lacey Act was passed by Congress in 1900 placing regulations on the interstate trafficking of wildlife and, in 1923, South Carolina passed the buck law which prohibited the harvest of female deer. In 1937, Congress passed a sweeping piece of legislation called the Wildlife Restoration Act or Pittman-Robertson Act. This act, named for the senator and congressman who sponsored it, authorized the setting apart of a tax on sporting arms and ammunition to be used in cooperation with states in wildlife restoration projects.

Also important to the recovery of deer in South Carolina were widespread changes in habitat that benefited deer. Although clearing for agriculture was greatly responsible for low deer numbers by 1900, the habitat began to change for the better in the 1920's. Years of significant drought and the impact of the cotton boll weevil were devastating to farming. With this reduction in farming came a trend of people leaving farms prior to and especially after World War II. Mills began to operate in many parts of the state and a large amount of agricultural land began reverting to forest land. So at that time there were laws that offered protection for deer, funds to implement wildlife management and

research, and habitat improvements all of which set the stage for the recovery of white-tailed deer in South Carolina.

Although delayed by World War II, restocking efforts began in earnest in the early 1950's. At that time, deer were virtually non-existent in the piedmont and mountains of South Carolina and there was little if any deer hunting in those areas. Fortunately, good residual populations remained in the river swamps of the coastal plain and these strongholds of deer became the source for restocking. The fact that all restocking that took place in South Carolina used native deer as stock places South Carolina in a unique position with respect to genetic integrity. The characteristics of native South Carolina deer evolved due to environmental, behavioral and genetic pressures exerted for millions of years and we are lucky to have only native deer in South Carolina. Most, if not all, other states that had restocking programs received deer from other states.

In both the central and western piedmont, where deer were rare, wildlife biologists restocked approximately 100 deer during the early to mid-1950's. Deer numbers rapidly increased and by about 1960 the first deer hunts were held in these areas. In each case, the first hunt was a 3-day buck only hunt and in each case 1 buck was harvested. In contrast, the combined deer harvest from the Central and Western Piedmont Hunt Units in recent years has been approximately 100,000 deer annually. In much of the coastal plain, deer numbers were sufficient to allow hunting even when there was no hunting in the mountains and piedmont. Today, the statewide deer population is approximately 730,000. Hunttable populations exist in all 46 counties in South Carolina and the annual statewide deer harvest is approximately 200,000.

### **South Carolina White-tailed Deer Antler Records Program**

The South Carolina White-tailed Deer Antler Records Program began in the spring of 1974 and since that time, 6,782 sets of antlers (6,517 typical and 265 non-typical) have been officially entered onto the list. Initially, measuring sessions were only conducted a few times each spring, but since 1987 antler measuring sessions have been scheduled throughout the state with approximately 12 sessions occurring annually. Each year SCDNR wildlife biologists and wildlife technicians measure approximately 500 sets of antlers. Generally, only about one-third of the antlers that are measured make the Antler Records List with the bulk of entrants falling short of the minimum scores.

The purpose of the Antler Records Program is two-fold. First, because of the increased interest in deer hunting exhibited by sportsmen, it is a way to recognize outstanding white-tailed deer taken in South Carolina. Second, it provides management information that allows SCDNR wildlife biologists to identify areas that produce quality deer. When particular areas stand out it is important to attempt to recognize the underlying characteristics that produce outstanding animals.

As deer populations have grown in South Carolina, it has become more apparent that deer herd density in a given area is related to the production of large deer. Typically, areas of the state that are known to have large numbers of deer do not produce as many large antlered deer as those areas with fewer deer. Even areas that have exceptional habitat can only support a certain number of deer before the quality of the animals begins to decline. During much of the 1980's, the statewide deer population and annual deer harvest were perhaps one-half of what they are today. However, a tremendous number of deer were harvested that made the records list. In fact, the period between 1982 and 1992 accounts for approximately 35 percent of all records even though the list contains records that date to the early 1900's. Over the long term, approximately one of every 800 white-tailed bucks harvested in South Carolina qualifies for the records list.

This addition of *South Carolina Deer Antler Records 2016* is based on activities conducted in the score year 2016. Antlers from deer that are taken in the fall are typically measured the following spring. For example, antlers from deer taken in the fall of 2015 were measured in the score year or spring of 2016. Antlers taken in other years may also be included in this publication since they were measured in 2016.

## **Measuring System**

The state's antler measuring system is the same as that utilized by both the Boone & Crockett and Pope & Young Clubs which are recognized as the national organizations that record exceptional North American big game taken with firearms and archery equipment, respectively. The measuring system is based primarily on antler size and symmetry and includes measurements of the main beams, greatest inside spread of the beams, circumference measurements at certain designated locations, and the number and length of the points. To be counted as a point, a projection must be at least one inch long and it must be longer than it is wide at its base.

Deductions are made for points that arise abnormally from the main beams or from other points and for symmetrical differences between corresponding measurements on the right and left antlers. For non-typical antlers, abnormal points are added to the score rather than being deducted as in the typical category. A set of antlers is classified as typical or non-typical based on its general conformation, the number of abnormal points, and a determination as to whether it will rank higher in the typical or non-typical category. Current minimum scores for the South Carolina Antler Records List are 125 typical points and 145 non-typical points. All antlers must undergo a minimum 60-day drying period before they can be officially measured. If a set of antlers meets the minimum score the record is added to the list and a certificate is issued recognizing the outstanding white-tailed deer taken in South Carolina.

### **About the Records List**

The reader will notice that this publication contains a number of separate lists. The first two lists contain the records for typical and non-typical antlers that were documented during the spring 2016 measuring session only. Although most of these records represent deer harvested during the fall 2015 hunting season, some records were taken in previous years and were not officially measured until 2016. Separate rankings are presented for the score year (2016) and for all-time. These rankings reflect the position of the antlers compared to the other antlers measured during the year and as compared with all historical records.

The third and fourth lists contain the top 100 records for all-time in the typical category and the top 50 records for all-time in the non-typical category. These lists reflect the upper portion of all historical entries and each set of antlers is ranked as compared with the other antlers in the category.

The final list provides information related to the all-time production of antler records by county. The list is broken down by typical and non-typical and provides the rank for each county based on total number of historic entries, as well as, the county rank based on the number of entries in relationship to the size of the county in square miles.

The South Carolina Antler Records List is continually undergoing revisions and editing. Due to the size and nature of the list mistakes are inevitable. If you become aware of mistakes associated with the records list, please contact Antler Records, P.O. Box 167 Columbia, SC 29202 in writing. Proposed corrections will be considered after reviewing the original score sheet that is on file.

## **Comments on Score Year 2016**

The most recent round of white-tailed deer antler measuring conducted by the S.C. Department of Natural Resources revealed 217 new records, including one Boone and Crockett qualifier. Of the 494 sets of antlers measured this spring, 217 met the minimum score for entry on the state records list including 203 sets of typical and 14 non-typical racks. Although all of the records were not taken during the 2015 season, 189 were taken during the 2014 or 2015 season.

The top typical buck was a 167 5/8 inch buck taken by David Swaney in Anderson County in December. Swaney's buck qualifies for the Boone and Crockett Club's Three Year Awards Period List and ranks 10 among South Carolina's all-time typical deer. The second and third highest scoring typical deer were a 156 1/8 inch Chester County buck taken by Van Van Quinn in November of 2003 and a 156 0/8 inch Saluda County buck taken by Tristan Dubose in October of 2015. Netting 167 6/8 points, the top scoring non-typical buck was taken by Jonathan Anders in Greenville County last November.

Aiken County was this years' top producer of State Record entries with 21 followed by Orangeburg (17), Anderson (12), and Darlington and Oconee counties with 10 entries. As far as all-time leaders at the county level, Orangeburg County remains at the top with 486 sets of antlers on the list. Rounding out the top five counties Orangeburg is followed by Aiken 471, Fairfield 274, Anderson 264, and Williamsburg with 251. On the other hand, if you account for the size of the county the top counties per unit area of harvest are Anderson, Abbeville, Orangeburg, Aiken, and Allendale.

Although some of the top counties have relatively high deer populations, some of these counties have more moderate numbers. It is important that hunters and land managers understand how the density of deer in an area affects the quality of the animals. Areas with fewer deer typically have better quality animals because natural food availability and nutritional quality is higher. Good nutrition is important in producing good antlers, but deer reproduction, recruitment and survival are also directly tied to nutrition. South Carolina's deer herd is in good condition, and after many years of rapid population growth the herd stabilized in the mid-1990s followed by a decreasing trend since about 2002. Statewide population estimates put the deer herd at about 730,000 animals with an estimated harvest of approximately 200,000 each of the last few years. Although the total deer harvest in South Carolina has been down the last few years, indications from the antler records

program are that deer quality remains good. This would make sense because fewer deer in the population would benefit from increased nutrition.

South Carolina hunters should recognize that harvesting potential Boone and Crockett bucks is not a common occurrence anywhere in the country. This is particularly evident if you consider that there are only about 14,000 white-tailed deer records listed by Boone and Crockett, which includes entries dating to the 1800s. Similarly, the harvest of deer in the United States in recent years has been about 6 million per year. Essentially, the average hunter stands a better chance of being struck by lightning than harvesting one of these record deer.



# South Carolina Typical White-Tailed Deer



Entries for the 2016 Scoring Period  
Minimum Score: 125

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
1	167 5/8	Woody David Swaney	Anderson	12/19/15	10
2	156 1/8	Van D Van Quinn	Chester	11/6/03	68
3	156	Tristan A Dubose	Saluda	10/31/15	73
4	151 7/8	Guy W Dorman	Fairfield	10/19/15	154
5	149 5/8	Gene E Sims	Greenville	10/1/05	218
6	148	Dale Burton	Anderson	11/9/15	280
7	147 6/8	Brandon Tindall	Edgefield	10/15/15	296
8	147 4/8	John W Rogers	Cherokee	10/31/15	312
9	146 4/8	Ted E Beasley	Darlington	12/5/15	353
10	146 3/8	Timothy C Morgan	Orangeburg	9/5/15	359
11	146 2/8	Steven P O'Neal	Lexington	10/28/79	365
12	146	Donald G Lawrence	Anderson	10/17/14	376
13	145 7/8	Gary S Johnson	Oconee	10/1/15	386
14	145 5/8	Tyler M Segars	Darlington	9/17/15	406
15	145 4/8	James W Jackson Jr	Anderson	11/8/14	415
16	145 2/8	Hunter Enlow	Laurens	10/1/81	439
17	144 4/8	Donnie G Poplin	Fairfield	10/10/15	490
18	144	James R Boyce	Greenville	10/17/15	534
19	143 6/8	Berl E Bowers	Darlington	10/1/15	554
20	143 4/8	Harold Waters	Aiken	10/1/77	579
21	143 2/8	Mendel Mitchum	Williamsburg	10/12/15	602
22	142 5/8	Rudy Wooten	Hampton	9/12/13	669
23	142 4/8	Stacey H Satterfield	Pickens	11/16/15	683
24	142 1/8	Jason A Barnes	Anderson	11/28/15	730
25	141 7/8	Michael W Bouvier	Greenville	11/14/15	757
26	141 3/8	Rusty H Campbell	Florence	11/1/14	807
27	140 2/8	David J Burbach Jr	York	10/19/14	967

<b>Score Year Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>	<b>All Time Rank</b>
27	140 2/8	John A Babson	Calhoun	12/20/15	967
29	139 7/8	William B Deal	McCormick	11/8/14	1017
30	139 4/8	John P Schelble	Lancaster	10/24/15	1069
30	139 4/8	Marty A Silvers	Aiken	12/15/15	1069
32	139 3/8	Wriston Marshburn	Anderson	10/30/14	1084
33	139 2/8	Josh M Medlin	Horry	11/9/15	1107
34	139 1/8	Cornealius Bing	Aiken	10/15/15	1133
35	139	Shawn L Burch	Newberry	10/22/15	1156
36	138 7/8	Tim L Depriest	Orangeburg	10/13/14	1179
37	138 5/8	Michael S Ferguson	Oconee	11/29/15	1220
38	138 4/8	Billy J Taylor	Chesterfield	11/25/99	1241
38	138 4/8	Wade S Cline	McCormick	11/3/15	1241
40	138	John B Griffith	Richland	9/25/15	1333
41	137 7/8	John H Allison	Florence	11/7/15	1362
41	137 7/8	Michael S Best	Lee	12/10/15	1362
44	137 6/8	Justin Alveshire	Saluda	10/1/15	1385
45	137 5/8	James T Hott	Calhoun	10/31/14	1412
46	137 4/8	Thomas F Kaminer	Richland	8/24/14	1437
46	137 4/8	Eddie A Corley	Aiken	11/1/14	1437
46	137 4/8	Trevor C Caughman	Fairfield	11/9/15	1437
49	137 3/8	Jimmy T Moore	Florence	10/19/15	1460
49	137 3/8	James S Langley	Lancaster	11/1/15	1460
49	137 3/8	Darrell D Best	Marion	11/10/15	1460
49	137 3/8	Jacob H Cooper	Laurens	11/27/15	1460
53	137 2/8	William B Herritage	Lexington	11/22/15	1497
54	136 5/8	Travis R Ward	Florence	9/2/15	1629
55	136 3/8	Kenneth D Dixon Sr	Richland	9/1/12	1686
56	136 2/8	Tracy L Vaughn	Anderson	11/23/15	1713
57	136	Robert L Starnes	Aiken	10/12/14	1768
58	135 6/8	William L Tucker	Spartanburg	11/23/15	1834
59	135 4/8	Mitchell L King	Marion	10/31/15	1883
60	135 3/8	Justin F Evans	Richland	9/1/14	1917

<b>Score Year Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>	<b>All Time Rank</b>
61	135 2/8	David L Holmes	Edgefield	10/11/15	1941
61	135 2/8	Graham N Bowdler	Saluda	10/20/15	1941
61	135 2/8	Mike Nguyen	Fairfield	11/25/15	1941
64	135	Donald H Jordan	Aiken	10/27/14	2000
65	134 6/8	Patrick J Mcdaniel	Spartanburg	11/14/14	2069
66	134 4/8	Found - William Metze	Richland	2015	2143
66	134 4/8	Kyle Taylor	Lexington	11/11/14	2143
66	134 4/8	Ben Hancock	Williamsburg	9/15/15	2143
66	134 4/8	Tony Gossett	Fairfield	11/14/15	2143
70	134 3/8	Tim Leroy	Oconee	11/1/15	2179
71	134 2/8	Michael W Snavelly	Calhoun	10/16/15	2217
72	134 1/8	Jonathan M Hopkins	Darlington	10/5/15	2258
73	134	Cora L Downer	Sumter	12/26/14	2293
74	133 7/8	Matthew C Shivers	Greenwood	10/18/14	2332
74	133 7/8	Mark E Kulpinski	York	11/17/15	2332
74	133 7/8	Trever E Mcneely	Kershaw	11/30/15	2332
77	133 6/8	Bruce Attaway	Allendale	11/13/15	2376
78	133 5/8	Casey O'Kelley	Lee	10/14/15	2421
78	133 5/8	Kevin G Gambrell	Anderson	11/12/15	2421
78	133 5/8	Ryan W Taylor	Sumter	11/14/15	2421
81	133 4/8	William J Atnipp	Saluda	10/14/15	2466
82	133 2/8	James Jenkins Jr	Berkeley	10/27/15	2544
83	133 1/8	Christopher L Richardson	Oconee	12/1/14	2600
83	133 1/8	Zach J Phillips	Abbeville	10/20/15	2600
85	133	Chris B Frye	Lexington	10/24/14	2640
85	133	Greg D Brown	Darlington	10/30/14	2640
85	133	Timothy L Hutto	Orangeburg	10/23/15	2640
85	133	Donald L Wager	Dorchester	12/25/15	2640
89	132 7/8	John B Griffith	Richland	10/17/15	2683
90	132 6/8	Chad W Altman	Florence	12/3/14	2732
91	132 5/8	Clinton D Marchant	Dorchester	10/26/15	2780
92	132 4/8	John A Hill	Laurens	10/1/15	2825

<b>Score Year Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>	<b>All Time Rank</b>
93	132 3/8	James T Isgett	Florence	10/10/15	2876
93	132 3/8	Damian P Yongue	Orangeburg	10/20/15	2876
95	132 1/8	Marc A Proctor	Allendale	9/19/14	2955
95	132 1/8	Travis A Cassell	Pickens	11/15/15	2955
97	132	Gary L Evans	Colleton	10/19/15	2998
97	132	John D Lipford	Chester	11/9/15	2998
99	131 7/8	Travis K Haynie	Spartanburg	11/1/15	3050
100	131 6/8	Scott Mccaskill	Orangeburg	11/11/13	3082
100	131 6/8	Eddie D Sansbury	Darlington	11/14/15	3082
102	131 4/8	Trey Autry	Chester	10/4/15	3196
103	131 2/8	Terry Duckworth	McCormick	10/1/15	3291
104	131 1/8	Jeremy L Wirtz	Oconee	11/26/15	3345
104	131 1/8	Bobby B Forrester	Anderson	12/5/15	3345
106	130 7/8	Jesse S Tenley	Fairfield	10/22/12	3458
106	130 7/8	George E Pearson	Newberry	11/9/15	3458
108	130 4/8	Richard M Hughes	Dorchester	11/1/15	3601
109	130 3/8	Jeffrey L Ward	Barnwell	11/18/15	3662
110	130 2/8	John A Graham	Dillon	9/15/14	3709
111	130 1/8	Sam M Jackson Jr	Dillon	10/20/15	3776
112	130	Kenny Matheson	Oconee	11/24/14	3832
113	129 7/8	Calvin D Rikard	Greenwood	10/1/15	3886
114	129 6/8	Hunter B Gibby	Pickens	10/24/15	3934
114	129 6/8	Paul H Wright	Aiken	10/25/15	3934
116	129 5/8	John S Hesley	Hampton	10/30/14	3988
116	129 5/8	Glenn R Suber	Newberry	10/28/15	3988
118	129 3/8	Paul L Kelly	Aiken	12/10/14	4087
118	129 3/8	Robert C Owens	Oconee	10/1/15	4087
118	129 3/8	Ricky G Mills	Greenville	11/1/15	4087
118	129 3/8	Briggs Kears	Barnwell	12/5/15	4087
122	129 2/8	Adam Mattson	Saluda	12/1/15	4136
123	129 1/8	Dennis L Hicks	Sumter	10/1/14	4193
123	129 1/8	Lonnie Marchant	Dorchester	9/30/15	4193

<b>Score Year Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>	<b>All Time Rank</b>
123	129 1/8	Michael Murphy	Orangeburg	10/5/15	4193
126	129	Jacob Bridges	Greenwood	10/14/14	4249
126	129	Benjamin Moses	Pickens	12/26/15	4249
128	128 7/8	T C Sox	Aiken	10/15/14	4306
128	128 7/8	Raymond P Mitchum Jr	Berkeley	10/21/14	4306
130	128 6/8	James P Mcmillan	Lee	10/1/11	4377
130	128 6/8	Stan A Lance	Abbeville	10/24/15	4377
130	128 6/8	Jessie L Russell	Newberry	10/25/15	4377
130	128 6/8	Travis R Allen	Greenwood	10/31/15	4377
130	128 6/8	Dustin T Derrick	Union	12/19/15	4377
135	128 5/8	Mark Windham	Darlington	10/27/10	4451
135	128 5/8	T C Sox	Aiken	10/21/15	4451
135	128 5/8	Joshua E Mathis	Aiken	10/22/15	4451
138	128 4/8	John B Windham Jr	Darlington	11/14/15	4510
139	128 3/8	Keith Hare	Calhoun	10/1/14	4576
139	128 3/8	Curtis Teets	Orangeburg	10/15/15	4576
141	128 2/8	John A Ward	Sumter	10/16/09	4626
141	128 2/8	Curtis T Davis	Orangeburg	10/25/13	4626
141	128 2/8	Adam Jordan	Berkeley	11/21/14	4626
141	128 2/8	Ray Day	Aiken	9/15/15	4626
145	128 1/8	Bradley W Kelly	Aiken	12/1/14	4693
145	128 1/8	James E Weston	Chester	10/25/15	4693
147	128	David C Wray	Fairfield	10/8/11	4743
147	128	Brian Casey	Orangeburg	10/29/12	4743
147	128	Harley Herndon Jr	Dorchester	10/19/15	4743
147	128	Joshua T Morris	Darlington	12/7/15	4743
147	128	William L Martin	Union	12/12/15	4743
152	127 7/8	Matthew G Wallace	Calhoun	12/3/15	4809
153	127 6/8	Matthew W Ulmer	Orangeburg	10/1/06	4874
154	127 5/8	Norman Kline	Williamsburg	10/10/14	4933
155	127 4/8	Gregory S Sieber	Laurens	11/27/15	5002
156	127 2/8	Danny Browning	Anderson	10/25/14	5133

<b>Score Year Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>	<b>All Time Rank</b>
156	127 2/8	Matt B Kneeland	Spartanburg	11/8/14	5133
156	127 2/8	Keith Sandifer	Bamberg	10/9/15	5133
159	127 1/8	Samuel Martin	Williamsburg	12/7/15	5212
160	127	Roger D Kittall	Orangeburg	10/5/14	5266
160	127	Joseph Clark	Aiken	11/21/15	5266
162	126 7/8	Dale Whittle	Saluda	10/1/15	5340
162	126 7/8	Jerry W Keith	Williamsburg	10/15/15	5340
164	126 6/8	Carl B Morris Jr	Orangeburg	10/22/15	5409
165	126 4/8	Edward Finn	Orangeburg	10/25/13	5542
165	126 4/8	Frank A Boysia	Sumter	11/10/15	5542
165	126 4/8	Timothy C Sheats	Oconee	12/17/15	5542
168	126 3/8	James Dillard	Greenwood	10/12/15	5612
168	126 3/8	Frankie Steele	Aiken	10/20/15	5612
168	126 3/8	Chip Brogden	Aiken	11/24/15	5612
171	126 2/8	Don R Mccallister	Spartanburg	11/8/15	5683
171	126 2/8	Doyle J Holbrooks II	Oconee	11/23/15	5683
173	126 1/8	Jacob L Wilkerson	Orangeburg	10/1/14	5756
173	126 1/8	Cameron Mccarley	Anderson	11/7/14	5756
173	126 1/8	Dennis Conaway	Aiken	10/18/15	5756
176	126	Found - Louis L Toth	Allendale	3/1/98	5823
176	126	Hannah E Strong	Cherokee	11/4/12	5823
176	126	Dale L Bange	Barnwell	10/23/14	5823
176	126	Gunner C Huggins	Marion	12/18/15	5823
180	125 7/8	Jamison P Cox	Greenville	11/8/14	5913
180	125 7/8	Brian Hunnicutt	Oconee	11/14/15	5913
182	125 6/8	Christopher S Greer	Aiken	11/16/11	5982
182	125 6/8	Bradley W Kelly	Aiken	10/1/14	5982
184	125 5/8	Zane Clardy	Pickens	10/1/10	6058
184	125 5/8	Rusty H Campbell	Florence	11/1/13	6058
184	125 5/8	Paul Grandy	Edgefield	11/1/15	6058
184	125 5/8	Travis L Sturkie	Aiken	11/7/15	6058
184	125 5/8	James Jenkins Jr	Berkeley	12/21/15	6058

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
189	125 4/8	Kevin Warren	Lee	11/25/15	6114
190	125 3/8	Joy W McIntire	McCormick	11/15/15	6190
190	125 3/8	Randy Ray	Aiken	12/26/15	6190
192	125 2/8	Sam Storey Jr	Laurens	10/6/09	6261
192	125 2/8	Michael E Derrick	Orangeburg	10/20/15	6261
192	125 2/8	Austin T Enzor	Horry	11/2/15	6261
195	125 1/8	Von L Dennis	Newberry	10/28/14	6341
195	125 1/8	Stuart Volan	Hampton	11/25/14	6341
195	125 1/8	Justin E Wilson	Anderson	10/18/15	6341
195	125 1/8	Milton J Simmons	Marlboro	11/13/15	6341
195	125 1/8	Matthew B Didelot	Charleston	1/1/16	6341
200	125	Taylor R Schneider	Lexington	10/7/15	6414
200	125	Alexandria S Mitchell	Saluda	11/6/15	6414
200	125	Jake B Hawkins	Darlington	11/10/15	6414
200	125	Matthew Atkinson	Barnwell	11/28/15	6414
200	125	Jason Fox	Edgefield	12/22/15	6414

Total Typical Records Entered for 2015 Score Period: 203

Total Typical Records Entered All-Time: 6,517



## South Carolina Non-Typical White-Tailed Deer



Entries for the 2016 Scoring Period  
Minimum Score: 145

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
1	167 6/8	Jonathan D Anders	Greenville	11/8/15	30
2	166 5/8	Rebecca R Pelletier	Orangeburg	11/2/15	38
3	164	Rodney Dooley	Lexington	9/20/15	53
4	159 4/8	Edward Finn	Orangeburg	10/18/15	82
5	158 6/8	Joseph L Love III	Williamsburg	10/14/15	91

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
6	154 3/8	Chris Phillips	Lancaster	10/30/15	132
7	153 6/8	Tony C Johnson	Chesterfield	12/5/15	141
8	153 4/8	Charles W McKinney	Laurens	12/10/15	144
9	152 7/8	Braedon Cogan	Lee	10/5/15	153
10	150 1/8	Mark L Page	Spartanburg	10/17/15	193
11	149 6/8	Caleb Godley	Colleton	8/21/15	202
12	146 2/8	Paul Guerry	Berkeley	10/1/15	246
13	145 7/8	Joshua C Way	Dorchester	10/1/15	253
14	145 4/8	Danny Wood	Dorchester	11/24/15	258

Total Non-Typical Records Entered for 2015 Score Period: 14

Total Non-Typical Records Entered All-Time: 265



## Top 100 All-Time South Carolina Typical White-tailed Deer



Minimum Score: 125

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken
1	176 0/8	Wyatt William C	Pickens	12/24/1994
2	173 7/8	Hoffman Randy	Calhoun	8/15/2003
3	172 0/8	Dillard Danny T	Anderson	10/23/2009
4	170 5/8	Gaskins A Hugh	Williamsburg	11/11/1998
5	169 7/8	Dover Richard K	Marion	11/29/1996
6	169 2/8	Elrod David	Pickens	10/01/2008
6	169 2/8	Shuman Steve	Hampton	8/27/1987
8	168 1/8	Underwood David	Laurens	10/26/1989
9	167 6/8	Ledford Todd C	Sumter	11/15/2001
10	167 5/8	Woody David Swaney	Anderson	12/19/2015
11	167 3/8	Dubose Tristan A	Saluda	11/02/1993
12	166 6/8	Dillard Danny	Anderson	10/28/2014

<b>All Time Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>
1	176 0/8	Wyatt William C	Pickens	12/24/1994
2	173 7/8	Hoffman Randy	Calhoun	8/15/2003
3	172 0/8	Dillard Danny T	Anderson	10/23/2009
4	170 5/8	Gaskins A Hugh	Williamsburg	11/11/1998
5	169 7/8	Dover Richard K	Marion	11/29/1996
6	169 2/8	Elrod David	Pickens	10/01/2008
6	169 2/8	Shuman Steve	Hampton	8/27/1987
8	168 1/8	Underwood David	Laurens	10/26/1989
9	167 6/8	Ledford Todd C	Sumter	11/15/2001
10	167 5/8	Woody David Swaney	Anderson	12/19/2015
11	167 3/8	Dubose Tristan A	Saluda	11/02/1993
12	146	Donald G Lawrence	Anderson	10/17/14
13	166 3/8	Hicks Eddie	Newberry	12/14/1974
14	165 7/8	Blanton Tommy John	Saluda	11/01/2009
15	165 2/8	Ashley Avery	Greenwood	12/15/1990
16	164 0/8	Dillard Danny T	Abbeville	12/15/2011
17	163 7/8	Owen Charles W	Anderson	11/23/2006
18	163 6/8	Found-Smith Sammie D	Anderson	10/1983
19	163 0/8	Jacobs III Jesse	York	12/25/1985
20	162 7/8	Walls Gary A	Orangeburg	12/01/2009
21	162 4/8	Wise David A	Calhoun	9/12/2009
22	162 3/8	Found-USFS/SRS	Aiken	10/05/2005
23	162 1/8	Gladden Loran L	Lee	11/16/1979
24	161 6/8	Davis Chuck	Georgetown	1920
24	161 6/8	Edwards Frank	Colleton	12/1982
24	161 6/8	Meadows Dennis	York	12/1983
27	161 5/8	Found-Freeman Cary	Abbeville	
28	161 2/8	Jordan William Larry	Saluda	11/22/1991
28	161 2/8	Found-Moore John E	Orangeburg	2001
30	161 1/8	Found-Carver Judy	Oconee	10/28/1993
31	160 5/8	Burdette Scott	Anderson	12/21/1989
31	160 5/8	Mock Hunter	Allendale	10/13/2010

<b>All Time Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>
31	160 5/8	Sox Jay	Orangeburg	10/12/2002
34	160 0/8	Found-Renaud Faye L	Lexington	10/28/1996
35	159 4/8	Chastain Dennis	Pickens	11/12/1991
35	159 4/8	Found-Prince Larry E	Spartanburg	1985
37	159 3/8	Brooks Ricky B	Laurens	10/22/2012
38	159 2/8	Walters III Hugh	Dorchester	10/1971
39	159 1/8	Fulton Wendell	Williamsburg	10/19/2012
40	159 0/8	Byrd Jr E Thomas	Williamsburg	11/10/1980
40	159 0/8	Lewis Billy Lee	Colleton	10/18/1984
42	158 7/8	Found-Davis Wadie A	Saluda	
42	158 7/8	Strickland Clyde	Colleton	11/05/1993
44	158 3/8	Rivers John W	Chesterfield	9/18/2008
45	158 2/8	Sheffield Johnny W	Hampton	10/1975
46	158 1/8	Waller Vandy	Fairfield	11/15/1986
47	158 0/8	Davis Kent	Greenville	10/20/1990
48	157 7/8	Polk Ned	Chester	10/18/1986
49	157 6/8	Smith Mark	Laurens	10/21/1995
50	157 5/8	Dreher John	Richland	9/03/1982
51	157 4/8	Mcgee Mac M	Anderson	11/05/1994
52	157 3/8	Freeman Ray	Anderson	11/07/2009
52	157 3/8	Huntley Rex R	Lancaster	10/22/1991
54	156 6/8	Crews Carl H	Aiken	10/1970
54	156 6/8	Dubois Brett	Jasper	11/24/2006
54	156 6/8	Dunn G David	Aiken	11/13/1993
54	156 6/8	Lesesne Frank	Williamsburg	1960
54	156 6/8	Smith Rick	Aiken	11/05/2009
59	156 5/8	Hardee J B	Williamsburg	9/21/1978
59	156 5/8	Found-Herndon Henry H	Bamberg	1975
59	156 5/8	Shipman Wayne	Laurens	11/1975
62	156 4/8	Bartlett Frank J	Fairfield	11/14/1996
62	156 4/8	Brown William H	Spartanburg	11/15/2012
62	156 4/8	Kambeitz Carl L	Kershaw	9/30/2003

<b>All Time Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>
62	156 4/8	Wyatt Bill	Anderson	12/11/2013
66	156 2/8	Campbell Jr Harvey Rusty	Lee	11/1998
66	156 2/8	Driggers Rocky	Aiken	10/14/2006
68	156 1/8	Boyd Garfield	Laurens	11/03/1980
68	156 1/8	Cockrell Jacky	Edgefield	10/05/1988
68	156 1/8	Haney Mitchell	Abbeville	10/1991
68	156 1/8	Smith Thomas C	Chesterfield	11/17/2007
68	156 1/8	Van D Van Quinn	Chester	11/6/2003
73	156 0/8	Found-Gaillard Ronnie	Newberry	
73	156 0/8	Moulton Marvin	Barnwell	11/08/2007
73	156	Tristan A Dubose	Saluda	10/31/2015
76	155 7/8	Roof George S	Unknown	1979
77	155 6/8	Crosland James E	Orangeburg	10/1966
77	155 6/8	Hutto Kenny	Colleton	9/25/1982
79	155 5/8	Dillard Danny T	Edgefield	10/24/2013
80	155 4/8	Bishop Michael E	Jasper	10/10/2000
80	155 4/8	Burrows Otis	Williamsburg	11/1984
80	155 4/8	Crenshaw Earnest	Lancaster	11/18/1988
80	155 4/8	Hannah Ronnie W	Greenwood	10/01/1976
80	155 4/8	Still Cannie	Barnwell	10/09/1983
80	155 4/8	Winchester Brent	Pickens	11/18/1995
86	155 3/8	Dickerson John W	Jasper	10/13/2000
86	155 3/8	Mccutcheon Hermas	Florence	11/06/1976
88	155 2/8	Norris D H	Saluda	10/1976
89	155 1/8	Rochester Terry	Oconee	12/15/2007
90	155 0/8	Chapman Darryl	Edgefield	12/26/1985
90	155 0/8	Porth Donnie	Calhoun	11/01/1988
92	154 7/8	Dillard Danny T	Anderson	11/04/2012
92	154 7/8	Found-Jones Wade	Union	10/1977
92	154 7/8	Smith R David	Lexington	11/10/1995
95	154 6/8	Bell Thomas	Anderson	10/22/1988
95	154 6/8	Boozar S Wyman	Jasper	9/27/1991

<b>All Time Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>
97	154 4/8	Collins Scott	Chester	11/11/1991
97	154 4/8	Williams Floyd L	Orangeburg	10/23/2002
97	154 4/8	Wirtz Jeremy	Oconee	12/19/2014
97	154 4/8	Wyatt Bill C	Anderson	12/30/1995
101	154 3/8	Wilbanks Richard	Oconee	12/05/1987

Total Typical Records All-time = 6,517



## Top 50 All-Time South Carolina

Non-Typical White-tailed Deer  
Minimum Score: 145



<b>All Time Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>
1	208 5/8	Wood John W	Beaufort	10/1971
2	205 4/8	Means Bradley E	Edgefield	10/29/1994
3	194 4/8	Sears Billy	Mccormick	10/1973
4	187 7/8	Found-J Mixson & A Mole	Berkeley	11/20/2010
5	187 5/8	Lusk Manning	Mccormick	12/17/2004
6	187 4/8	Eargle Erwin	Lexington	9/13/1989
6	187 4/8	Roe Delton	Anderson	10/28/2004
8	184 2/8	Coombs Evin	Lexington	11/20/2009
9	180 7/8	Huntington Mark S	Anderson	10/31/2002
10	180 4/8	Doremus Jason M	Orangeburg	10/19/2000
10	180 4/8	Morton Randy	Chesterfield	11/22/1993
12	180 3/8	Found-Scwmrd	Marlboro	1930
13	179 2/8	Robertson Jr Charles E	Colleton	9/21/1981
14	176 5/8	William Thomas George	Hampton	11/1975
15	176 3/8	Ellis Doug	Mccormick	12/1973
16	176 1/8	Herring Mickey	Orangeburg	9/31/1997

<b>All Time Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>
17	173 3/8	Found-Johnson Michael	Oconee	11/05/1988
18	172 6/8	Zeigler Harold A	Orangeburg	11/05/2007
19	172 4/8	Ledbetter Danny	Berkeley	11/24/1983
19	172 4/8	Purgason Michael T	Chester	10/27/2007
21	171 0/8	Lee Lloyd	Bamberg	12/12/1987
22	170 6/8	Fulbright Chris	Calhoun	11/04/2011
23	170 5/8	Gaskins Hugh	Williamsburg	10/30/2003
23	170 5/8	Shealy Donald	Kershaw	10/10/2003
25	170 1/8	Wilson Wade	Allendale	11/08/1997
26	169 6/8	Oneal Clark	Edgefield	10/30/2001
27	169 2/8	Railey Eldridge	Lancaster	11/05/1984
28	169 1/8	Kirkley Jere	Anderson	10/13/2012
29	168 6/8	Ledford Todd C	Sumter	11/01/2001
31	167 5/8	Morris William G	Calhoun	8/15/1992
32	167 4/8	Blackwell Tony D	Oconee	12/14/2013
33	167 3/8	Fairey John L	Orangeburg	10/1961
34	167 1/8	Mccoy Steve	Darlington	10/02/2009
35	167 0/8	Schaffer Danny	Colleton	9/1974
36	166 7/8	Johnson Jr Wilburn N	Chesterfield	12/03/1983
37	166 6/8	Cromer C S	Newberry	
39	166 4/8	Posey Kenneth	Aiken	11/1972
40	166 3/8	Ard Richard L	Williamsburg	9/01/1976
41	166 2/8	Douglas Jeff A	Fairfield	10/20/1986
42	166 1/8	Dempsey Clyde	Calhoun	10/1970
42	166 1/8	O'Neal James B	Edgefield	11/29/1996
42	166 1/8	Wood Dale	Greenwood	10/25/1983
45	165 6/8	Hendrix Michael	Oconee	11/19/2001
46	165 3/8	Grier Francis	Calhoun	10/1973
47	165 2/8	Hoats Bo	Dorchester	11/02/2006
47	165 2/8	Livingston Joel	Allendale	11/07/1982
49	164 7/8	Cook James Don	Edgefield	10/12/2007

<b>All Time Rank</b>	<b>Score</b>	<b>Hunter</b>	<b>County</b>	<b>Date Taken</b>
50	164 3/8	Webb George	Calhoun	12/1973

Total Non-Typical Records All-time = 265



## South Carolina County Totals All-Time Typical and Non-Typical



<b>County</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Non-Typical</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Rank</b>	<b>Rank/ Square Mile</b>
Abbeville	206	10	216	9	2
Aiken	459	12	471	2	4
Allendale	182	12	194	10	5
Anderson	258	6	264	4	1
Bamberg	154	6	160	16	7
Barnwell	212	5	217	8	8
Beaufort	33	1	34	45	37
Berkeley	113	7	120	25	41
Calhoun	155	11	166	13	6
Charleston	48	0	48	42	44
Cherokee	24	5	29	46	42
Chester	97	5	102	33	31
Chesterfield	156	8	164	14	24
Clarendon	95	4	99	34	32
Colleton	234	16	250	6	20
Darlington	66	2	68	38	36
Dillon	36	0	36	44	43
Dorchester	115	9	124	23	27
Edgefield	111	6	117	27	22

<b>County</b>	<b>Typical</b>	<b>Non-Typical</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Rank</b>	<b>Rank/ Square Mile</b>
Fairfield	267	7	274	3	9
Florence	122	2	124	22	35
Georgetown	57	4	61	40	45
Greenville	132	5	137	20	23
Greenwood	102	4	106	32	16
Hampton	161	3	164	14	18
Horry	111	5	116	28	40
Jasper	94	5	99	34	33
Kershaw	235	7	242	7	10
Lancaster	137	6	143	19	14
Laurens	166	8	174	12	13
Lee	108	3	111	30	19
Lexington	109	10	119	26	26
McCormick	75	3	78	36	29
Marion	68	1	69	37	33
Marlboro	39	1	40	43	46
Newberry	165	10	175	11	12
Oconee	145	7	152	17	15
Orangeburg	466	20	486	1	3
Pickens	112	1	113	29	17
Richland	145	3	148	18	25
Saluda	123	4	127	21	11
Spartanburg	103	5	108	31	28
Sumter	115	7	122	24	30
Union	57	1	58	41	39
Williamsburg	247	4	251	5	21
York	60	4	64	39	37
County Unknown	42	0	42	NA	NA
Totals	6,517	265	6,782	NA	NA

# TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

OWNER'S NAME Last \_\_\_\_\_ First \_\_\_\_\_ M.I. \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS Street, Rt., Box \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code \_\_\_\_\_

PHONE# (\_\_\_\_) (\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_  
Home \_\_\_\_\_ Work \_\_\_\_\_

HUNTER'S NAME \_\_\_\_\_

COUNTY OF KILL \_\_\_\_\_

DATE OF KILL \_\_\_\_\_

WEAPON \_\_\_\_\_

SCORE DATE \_\_\_\_\_

SCORE LOCATION \_\_\_\_\_

SCORER \_\_\_\_\_

Age \_\_\_\_\_ Weight \_\_\_\_\_ WMA or Private \_\_\_\_\_ Quality Mgt. Area \_\_\_\_\_ E. Total of Lengths of Abnormal Points \_\_\_\_\_

Abnormal Points	
Right Antler	Left Antler
/	/
/	/
/	/
/	/
/	/
/	/
/	/
/	/
/	/
/	/
/	/

SEE OTHER SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS				Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
A. No. Points on Right Antler		No. Points on Left Antler		Spread Credit	Right Antler	Left Antler	Difference
B. Tip to Tip Spread	/	C. Greatest Spread	/				
D. Inside Spread of Main Beams	/	(Credit May be Equal but not Exceed Longer Antler)		/			
F. Length of Main Beam					/	/	/
G-1. Length of First Point, if present					/	/	/
G-2. Length of Second Point					/	/	/
G-3. Length of Third Point					/	/	/
G-4. Length of Fourth Point, if present					/	/	/
G-5. Length of Fifth Point, if Present					/	/	/
G-6. Length of Sixth Point, if present					/	/	/
G-7. Length of Seventh Point, if present					/	/	/
H-1. Circumference at smallest place between Burr and First Point					/	/	/
H-2. Circumference at smallest place between First and Second Point					/	/	/
H-3. Circumference at smallest place between Second and Third Point					/	/	/
H-4. Circumference at smallest place between Third and Fourth Point					/	/	/
<b>TOTALS</b>				/	/	/	/

Enter Total of Columns 1,2, and 3	/	I certify that I have measured the above trophy on (date) _____ at (address) _____ (city) _____ (State) _____ and that these measurements and date are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, made in accordance with the instructions given. Witness: _____ Signature: _____ B & C Official Measurer I.D. Number <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"><tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td><td> </td></tr></table>				
Subtract Column 4	/					
Subtotal	/					
Subtract (E) Total of Lengths of Abnormal Points	/					
Final Score	/					

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEASURING TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

All measurements must be made with a 1/4 inch flexible steel tape to the nearest one-eighth of an inch. Wherever it is necessary to change direction of measurement, mark a control point and swing tape at this point. (Note: a flexible steel cable can be used to measure points and main beams only.) Enter fractional figures in eighths, without reduction. Official measurements cannot be taken until antlers have dried for at least 60 days after the animal was killed.

- A. Number of points on each antler: to be counted a point, the projection must be at least one inch long, with the length exceeding width at one inch or more of length. All points are measured from tip of point to nearest edge of beam. Beam tip is counted as a point but not measured as a point.
- B. Tip to tip spread is measured between tips of main beams.
- C. Greatest spread is measured between perpendiculars at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest part, whether across main beams or points.
- D. Inside spread of main beams is measured at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest point between main beams. Enter this measurement again as the spread credit if it is less than or equal to the length of longer antler; if longer, enter longer antler length for spread credit.
- E. Total of lengths of all abnormal points: Abnormal points are those nontypical in location (such as points originating from a point or from bottom or sides of main beam) or extra points beyond the normal pattern of points. Measure in usual manner and enter in appropriate blanks.
- F. Length of main beam is measured from lowest outside edge of burr over outer curve to the most distant point of what is, or appears to be, the main beam. The point of beginning is that point on the burr where the center line along the outer curve of the beam intersects the burr, then following generally the outer curve of the main beam to the tip of the beam.
- G. 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 Length of normal points: normal points project from the top of the main beam. They are measured from nearest edge of main beam over outer curve to tip. Lay the tape along the outer curve of the beam so that the top edge of the tape coincides with top edge of the beam on both sides of the point to determine the base line for point measurements. Record point lengths in appropriate blanks.
- H. 1-2-3-4 Circumferences are taken as detailed for each measurement. If brow point is missing, take H-1 and H-2 at smallest place between burr and G-2. If G-4 is missing, take H-4 halfway between G-3 and tip of main beam.

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### FAIR CHASE STATEMENT FOR ALL HUNTER-TAKEN WHITETAILED DEER

To make use of the following methods shall be deemed as **UNFAIR CHASE** and unsportsmanlike, and any deer obtained by use of such means is disqualified from entry.

- I. Spotting or herding game from the air, followed by landing in its vicinity for pursuit;
- II. Herding or pursuing game with motor-powered vehicles;
- III. Use of electronic communications for attracting, locating or observing game, or guiding the hunter to such game;
- IV. Hunting game confined by artificial barriers, including escape-proof fencing; or hunting game transplanted solely for the purpose of commercial shooting.
- V. Hunting or taking game on lands without permission or consent of landowner.

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I certify that the whitetailed deer scored on this chart was not taken in **UNFAIR CHASE** as defined above. I further certify that it was taken in full compliance with South Carolina game laws.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of Hunter: \_\_\_\_\_

09-6461

## NON-TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

OWNER'S NAME \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_ Street, Rt., Box \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code \_\_\_\_\_

PHONE# ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ ( ) \_\_\_\_\_  
Home Work

HUNTER'S NAME \_\_\_\_\_

COUNTY OF KILL

DATE OF KILL \_\_\_\_\_

WEAPON \_\_\_\_\_

SCORE DATE \_\_\_\_\_

SCORE LOCATION

SCORER \_\_\_\_\_

Age _____	Weight _____	WMA or Private _____	Quality Mgt. Area _____	E. Total of Lengths of Abnormal Points _____
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[illegible]

SEE OTHER SIDE FOR INSTRUCTIONS				Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4					
A. No. Points on Right Antler		No. Points on Left Antler		Spread Credit	Right Antler	Left Antler	Difference					
B. Tip to Tip Spread	$\frac{1}{8}$	C. Greatest Spread	$\frac{1}{8}$									
D. Inside Spread of Main Beams	$\frac{1}{8}$	(Credit May be Equal but not Exceed Longer Antler)		$\frac{1}{8}$								
F. Length of Main Beam					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
G-1. Length of First Point, if present					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
G-2. Length of Second Point					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
G-3. Length of Third Point					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
G-4. Length of Fourth Point, if present					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
G-5. Length of Fifth Point, if Present					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
G-6. Length of Sixth Point, if present					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
G-7. Length of Seventh Point, if present					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
H-1. Circumference at smallest place between Burr and First Point					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
H-2. Circumference at smallest place between First and Second Point					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
H-3. Circumference at smallest place between Second and Third Point					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
H-4. Circumference at smallest place between Third and Fourth Point					$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
TOTALS				$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$					
Enter Total of Columns 1, 2, and 3	$\frac{1}{8}$	I certify that I have measured the above trophy on (date) _____ at (address) _____ (city) _____ (State) _____										
Subtract Column 4	$\frac{1}{8}$	and that these measurements and date are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, made in accordance with the instructions given.										
Subtotal	$\frac{1}{8}$	Witness: _____ Signature: _____										
Add (E) Total of Lengths of Abnormal Points	$\frac{1}{8}$	B & C Official Measurer I.D. Number <table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>										
Final Score	$\frac{1}{8}$											

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEASURING NON-TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

All measurements must be made with a 1/4 inch flexible steel tape to the nearest one-eighth of an inch. Wherever it is necessary to change direction of measurement, mark a control point and swing tape at this point. (Note: a flexible steel cable can be used to measure points and main beams only.) Enter fractional figures in eighths, without reduction. Official measurements cannot be taken until antlers have dried for at least 60 days after the animal was killed.

- A. Number of points on each antler: to be counted a point, the projection must be at least one inch long, with the length exceeding width at one inch or more of length. All points are measured from tip of point to nearest edge of beam. Beam tip is counted as a point but not measured as a point.
- B. Tip to tip spread is measured between tips of main beams.
- C. Greatest spread is measured between perpendiculars at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest part, whether across main beams or points.
- D. Inside spread of main beams is measured at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest point between main beams. Enter this measurement again as the spread credit if it is less than or equal to the length of longer antler; if longer, enter longer antler length for spread credit.
- E. Total of lengths of all abnormal points: Abnormal points are those nontypical in location (such as points originating from a point or from bottom or sides of main beam) or extra points beyond the normal pattern of points. Measure in usual manner and enter in appropriate blanks.
- F. Length of main beam is measured from lowest outside edge of burr over outer curve to the most distant point of what is, or appears to be, the main beam. The point of beginning is that point on the burr where the center line along the outer curve of the beam intersects the burr, then following generally the outer curve of the main beam to the tip of the beam.
- G. 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 Length of normal points: normal points project from the top of the main beam. They are measured from nearest edge of main beam over outer curve to tip. Lay the tape along the outer curve of the beam so that the top edge of the tape coincides with top edge of the beam on both sides of the point to determine the base line for point measurements. Record point lengths in appropriate blanks.
- H. 1-2-3-4 Circumferences are taken as detailed for each measurement. If brow point is missing, take H-1 and H-2 at smallest place between burr and G-2. If G-4 is missing, take H-4 halfway between G-3 and tip of main beam.

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### FAIR CHASE STATEMENT FOR ALL HUNTER-TAKEN WHITETAILED DEER

To make use of the following methods shall be deemed as **UNFAIR CHASE** and unsportsmanlike, and any deer obtained by use of such means is disqualified from entry.

- I. Spotting or herding game from the air, followed by landing in its vicinity for pursuit;
- II. Herding or pursuing game with motor-powered vehicles;
- III. Use of electronic communications for attracting, locating or observing game, or guiding the hunter to such game;
- IV. Hunting game confined by artificial barriers, including escape-proof fencing; or hunting game transplanted solely for the purpose of commercial shooting.
- V. Hunting or taking game on lands without permission or consent of landowner.

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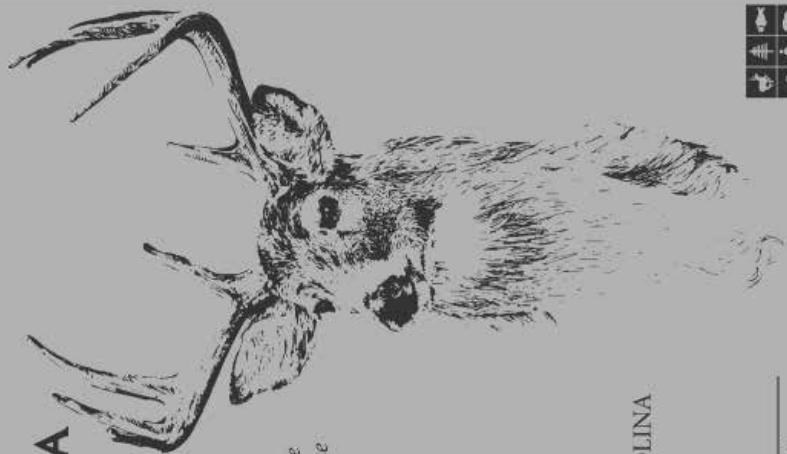
I certify that the whitetailed deer scored on this chart was not taken in **UNFAIR CHASE** as defined above. I further certify that it was taken in full compliance with South Carolina game laws.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of Hunter: \_\_\_\_\_

09-6461

# STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

## WHITE-TAILED DEER ANTLER RECORDS PROGRAM



*This certificate is awarded in recognition of an outstanding white-tailed deer that has been measured according to the Boone and Crockett system by an official SCDNR scorer and has met the minimum state record criteria and merits recognition on South Carolina's Antler Records List.*

OFFICIAL SCORE	HUNTER	CATEGORY
DATE TAKEN	OWNER	COUNTY

REVIEWED AND VERIFIED BY THE SOUTH CAROLINA  
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES



DNR

DEER RECORDS COORDINATOR

DATE

